



General Machinery Safety Instructions

Machinery House
requires you to read this entire Manual before using this machine.

1. Read the entire Manual before starting machinery. Machinery may cause serious injury if not correctly used.

2. Always use correct hearing protection when operating machinery. Machinery noise may cause permanent hearing damage.

3. Machinery must never be used when tired, or under the influence of drugs or alcohol. When running machinery you must be alert at all times.

4. Wear correct Clothing. At all times remove all loose clothing, necklaces, rings, jewelry, etc. Long hair must be contained in a hair net. Non-slip protective footwear must be worn.

5. Always wear correct respirators around fumes or dust when operating machinery. Machinery fumes & dust can cause serious respiratory illness. Dust extractors must be used where applicable.

6. Always wear correct safety glasses. When machining you must use the correct eye protection to prevent injuring your eyes.

7. Keep work clean and make sure you have good lighting. Cluttered and dark shadows may cause accidents.

8. Personnel must be properly trained or well supervised when operating machinery. Make sure you have clear and safe understanding of the machine you are operating.

9. Keep children and visitors away. Make sure children and visitors are at a safe distance for your work area.

10. Keep your workshop childproof. Use padlocks, Turn off master power switches and remove start switch keys.

11. Never leave machine unattended. Turn power off and wait till machine has come to a complete stop before leaving the machine unattended.

12. Make a safe working environment. Do not use machine in a damp, wet area, or where flammable or noxious fumes may exist.

13. Disconnect main power before service machine. Make sure power switch is in the off position before re-connecting.

14. Use the Correct Extension Lead. Extension leads should be avoided where possible but if required,

always use an extension lead that is rated for the power requirements of your machinery. Using an incorrectly rated extension lead can lead to overheating, damage to machinery, or potential fire hazards. Ensure leads are in good condition and free of damage. Replace if faulty.

15. Keep machine well maintained. Keep blades sharp and clean for best and safest performance. Follow instructions when lubricating and changing accessories.

16. Keep machine well guarded. Make sure guards on machine are in place and are all working correctly.

17. Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.

18. Secure workpiece. Use clamps or a vice to hold the workpiece where practical. Keeping the workpiece secure will free up your hand to operate the machine and will protect hand from injury.

19. Check machine over before operating. Check machine for damaged parts, loose bolts, Keys and wrenches left on machine and any other conditions that may effect the machines operation. Repair and replace damaged parts.

20. Use recommended accessories. Refer to instruction manual or ask correct service officer when using accessories. The use of improper accessories may cause the risk of injury.

21. Do not force machinery. Work at the speed and capacity at which the machine or accessory was designed.

22. Use correct lifting practice. Always use the correct lifting methods when using machinery. Incorrect lifting methods can cause serious injury.

23. Lock mobile bases. Make sure any mobile bases are locked before using machine.

24. Allergic reactions. Certain metal shavings and cutting fluids may cause an allergic reaction in people and animals, especially when cutting as the fumes can be inhaled. Make sure you know what type of metal and cutting fluid you will be exposed to and how to avoid contamination.

25. Call for help. If at any time you experience difficulties, stop the machine and call your nearest branch service department for help.



Meat Cutting Bandsaw Safety Instructions

Machinery House
requires you to read this entire Manual before using this machine.

- 1. Maintenance.** Make sure the bandsaw is turned off and disconnect from the main power supply and make sure all moving parts have come to a complete stop before any inspection, adjustment or maintenance is carried out.
- 2. Bandsaw Condition.** Bandsaw must be maintained for a proper working condition. Never operate a bandsaw that has damaged or worn parts. Scheduled routine maintenance should be performed on a scheduled basis.
- 3. Blade Condition.** Never operate a bandsaw with a dull, cracked or badly worn blade. Before using a bandsaw inspect blades for missing teeth and cracks. Replace if required.
- 4. Replacing Blade.** Make sure teeth are face forward to the workpiece and blade is properly tensioned. Wear gloves to protect hands and wear safety glasses to protect your eyes.
- 5. Use Correct Blade.** Use the correct blade for the material being cut and the type of cut you are performing.
- 6. Hand Hazard.** Keep hands and fingers clear from the line of cut of the blade. Serious injury can occur.
- 7. Leaving a bandsaw Unattended.** Always turn the bandsaw off and make sure all moving parts have come to a complete stop before leaving the bandsaw. Do not leave bandsaw running unattended for any reason.
- 8. Avoiding Entanglement.** Blade guard must be used at all times. Remove loose clothing, belts, or jewelry items. Never wear gloves while machine is in operation. Tie up long hair and use the correct hair nets to avoid any entanglement with the bandsaw moving parts.
- 9. Understand the machines controls.** Make sure you understand the use and operation of all controls.
- 10. Power outage.** In the event of a power failure during use of the bandsaw, turn off all switches to avoid possible sudden start up once power is restored.
- 11. Work area hazards.** Keep the area around the bandsaw clean from oil, tools, offcuts. Pay attention to other persons in the area and know what is going on around the area to ensure unintended accidents.
- 12. Workpiece Handling.** Never hold small workpieces with your fingers during a cut. Always support/feed the workpiece with push stick, table support, vice, or some sort of clamping fixture.
- 13. Hearing protection and hazards.** Always wear hearing protection as noise generated from bandsaw blade and workpiece vibration, material handling can cause permanent hearing loss over time.
- 14. Cutting techniques.** Plan your cuts so you always cut out of the meat. Do not back the workpiece away from the blade while the saw is running. If you need to back the workpiece out, turn off the bandsaw and wait till the blade has come to a complete stop, and do not twist or put excessive stress on the blade while backing work out.
- 15. Feeding material.** Always feed material evenly and smoothly. Do not force or twist blade while cutting, especially while cutting small radii material.
- 16. Job Material.** This machine is designed to cut meat only. It is not designed to cut metal or use cutting fluid. Always inspect the meat before cutting. If you have any doubt about stability or structural integrity of the meat do not cut it.
- 17. Starting position/speed.** Never turn the bandsaw on when the blade is resting on the workpiece. Allow blade to reach full speed before cutting.
- 18. Guards.** Do not operate bandsaw without the blade guard in place or with the doors open. Ensure all guards removed to do maintenance or change blades on the machine are refitted correctly in place before the machine is used again.
- 19. Stopping the Blade.** Do not stop or slow the blade with your hand or workpiece. Allow the blade to stop on its own, unless the machine is equipped with a brake.
- 20. Call for help.** If at any time you experience difficulties, stop the machine and call your nearest branch service department for help.

PLANT SAFETY PROGRAM

NEW MACHINERY HAZARD IDENTIFICATION, ASSESSMENT & CONTROL

Meat Cutting Bandsaw

Developed in Co-operation Between A.W.I.S.A and Australia Chamber of Manufactures
This program is based upon the Safe Work Australia, Code of Practice - Managing Risks of Plant in the Workplace (WHSA 2011 No10)

Item No.	Hazard Identification	Hazard Assessment	Risk Control Strategies (Recommended for Purchase / Buyer / User)
A	ENTANGLEMENT	HIGH	Eliminate, avoid loose clothing / Long hair etc.
B	CRUSHING	LOW	Secure & support Long / heavy Meat when cutting
C	CUTTING, STABBING, PUNCTURING	MEDIUM	Blade guards should always be in the closed position before starting machine. Blade guide system should be adjusted to suit meat width. Wear gloves when changing blades. Concentrate on the cutting process and avoiding distractions. Isolate main power switch before changing blade, cleaning or adjusting. If blade breaks do not open door until both wheels have stopped. Check blade tracking before starting.
D	SHEARING	MEDIUM	Make sure all guards are secured shut when machine is on. Isolate power to machine prior to changing blades or maintenance.
F	STRIKING	LOW	Support long heavy meat when cutting and stand clear of offcuts. Stand clear of machine when in operation. Remove all loose objects around moving parts. Wear safety glasses & non slip footwear
H	ELECTRICAL	MEDIUM	All electrical enclosures should only be opened with a tool that is not to be kept with the machine. Ensure machine is connected to an electrical Circuit with an RCD (Residual Current Device) also known as an RCCB (Residual Current Circuit Breaker) Machine should be installed & checked by a Licensed Electrician.
O	OTHER HAZARDS, NOISE.	LOW	Wear hearing protection as required.
Plant Safety Program to be read in conjunction with manufactures instructions			



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Authorised and signed by: _____
 Safety officer: _____
 Manager: _____

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